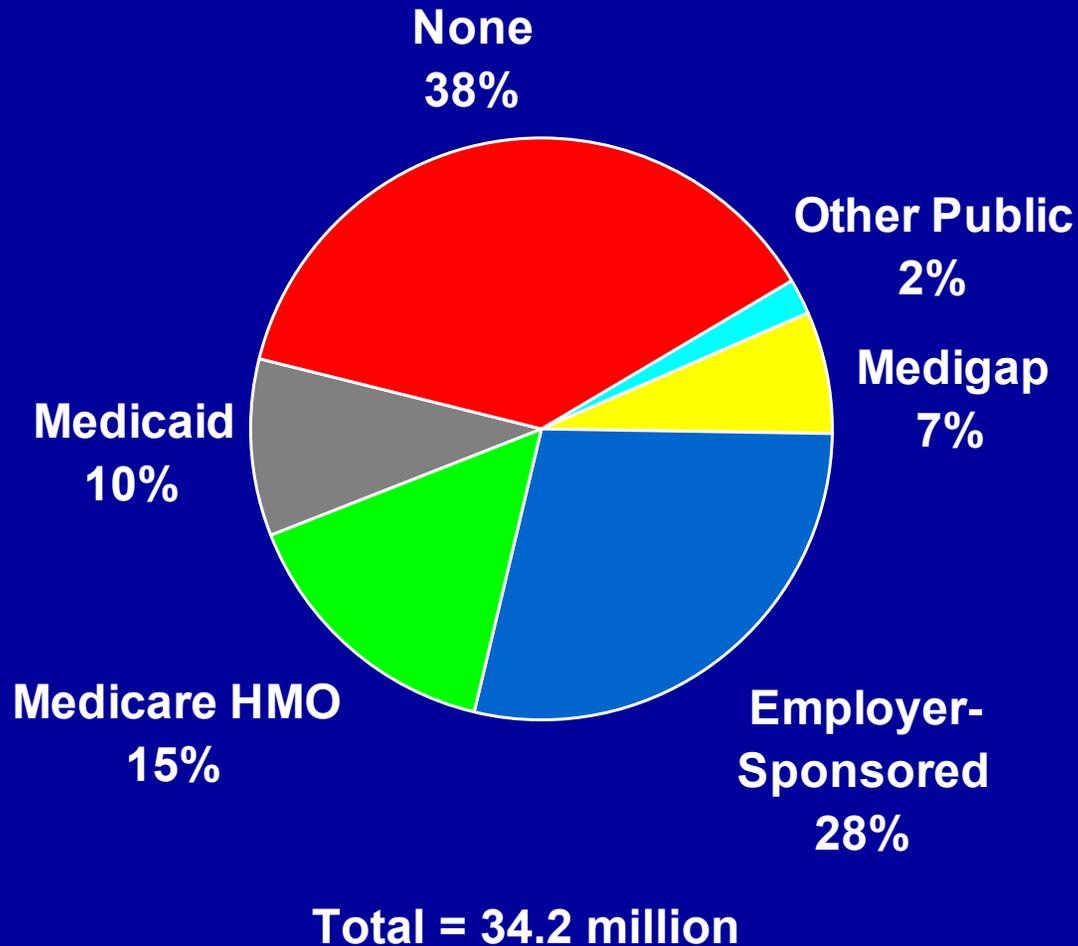


Figure 1

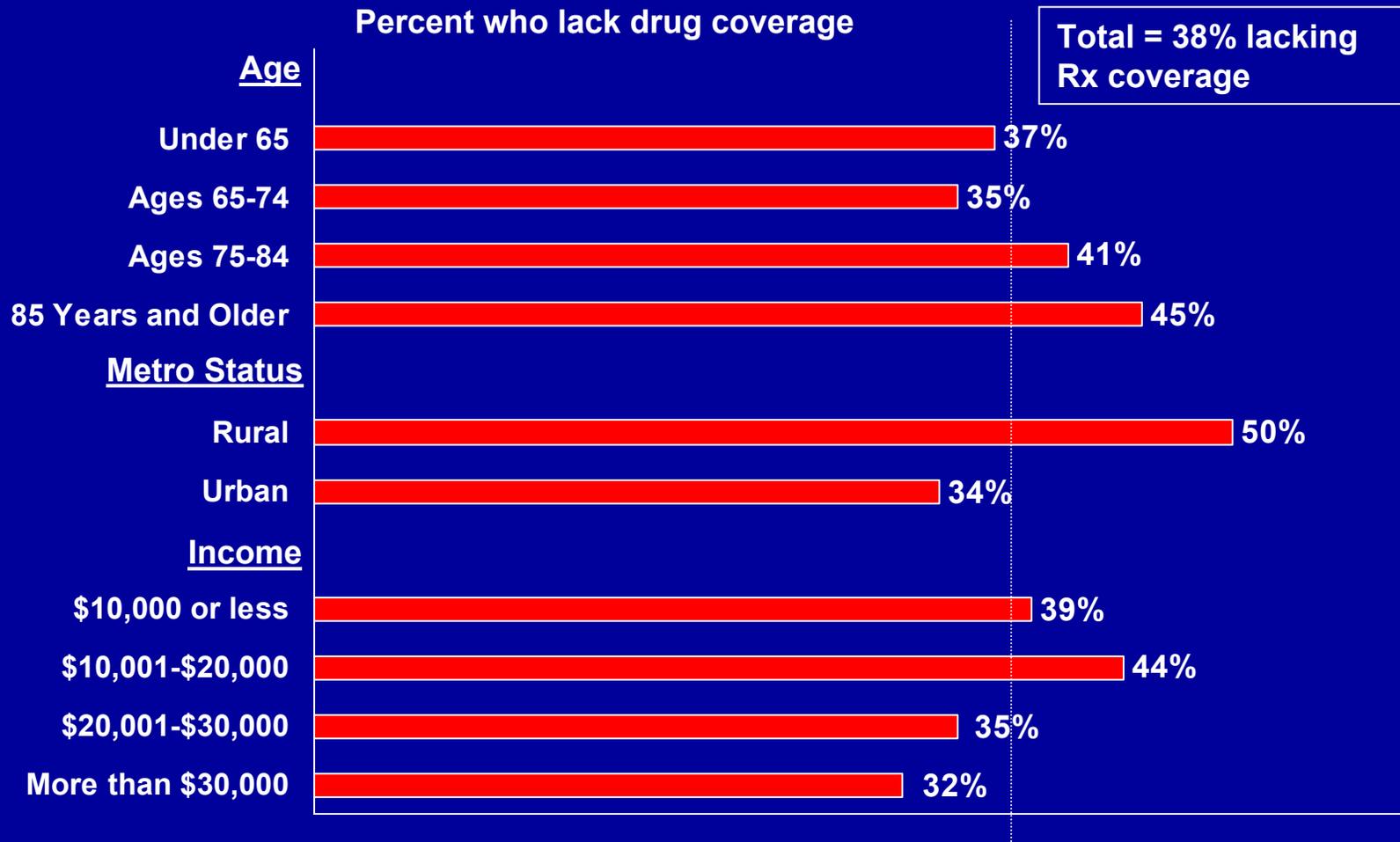
# Sources of Prescription Drug Coverage, Fall 1999



SOURCE: Laschober, et al., *Health Affairs*, Feb 2002. Analysis of non-institutionalized beneficiaries enrolled for a full year.

Figure 2

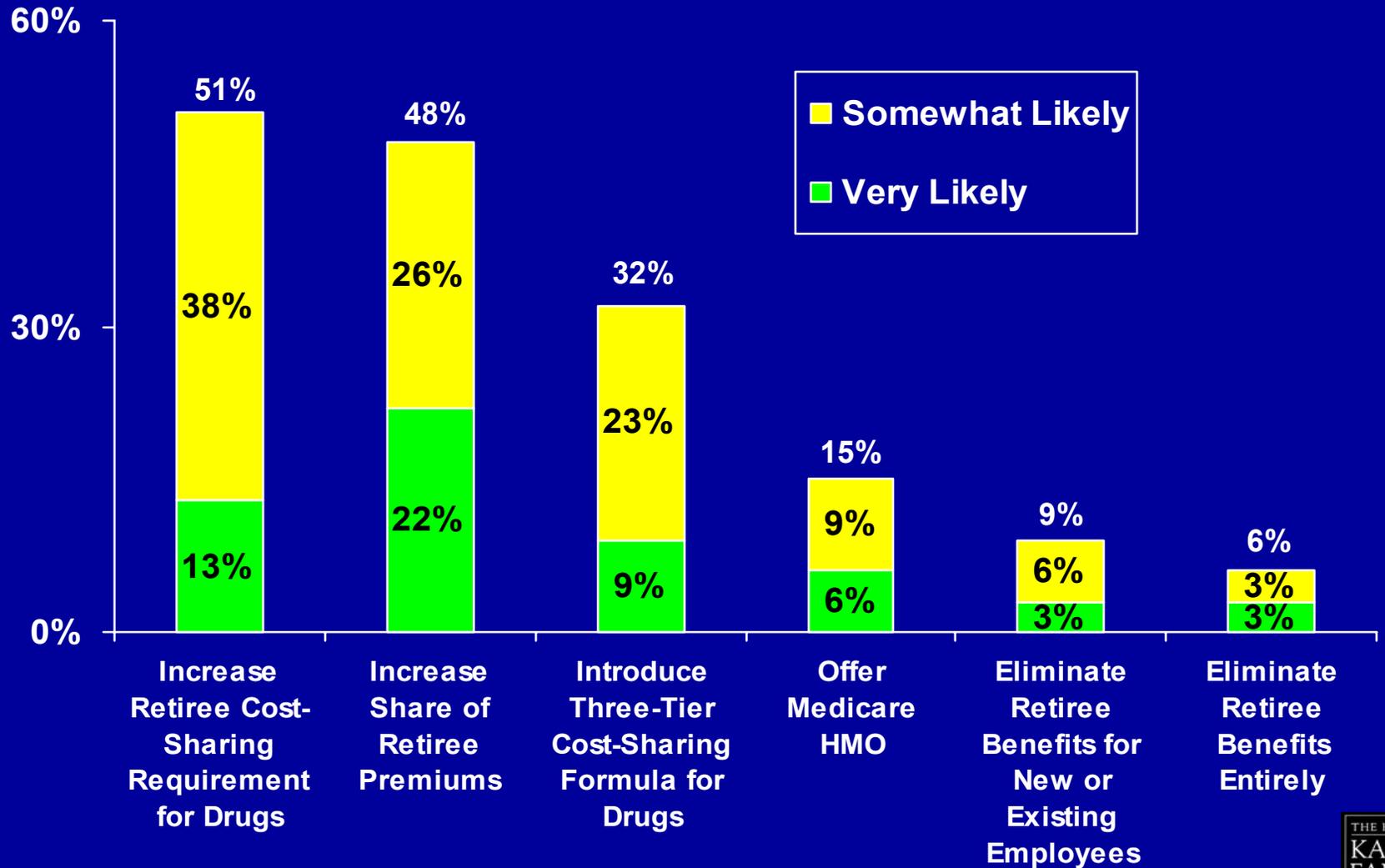
# Percentage of Beneficiaries With No Prescription Drug Coverage, By Beneficiary Characteristics, Fall 1999



SOURCE: Laschober, et al., *Health Affairs*, Feb 2002. Analysis of non-institutionalized beneficiaries enrolled for a full year.

Figure 3

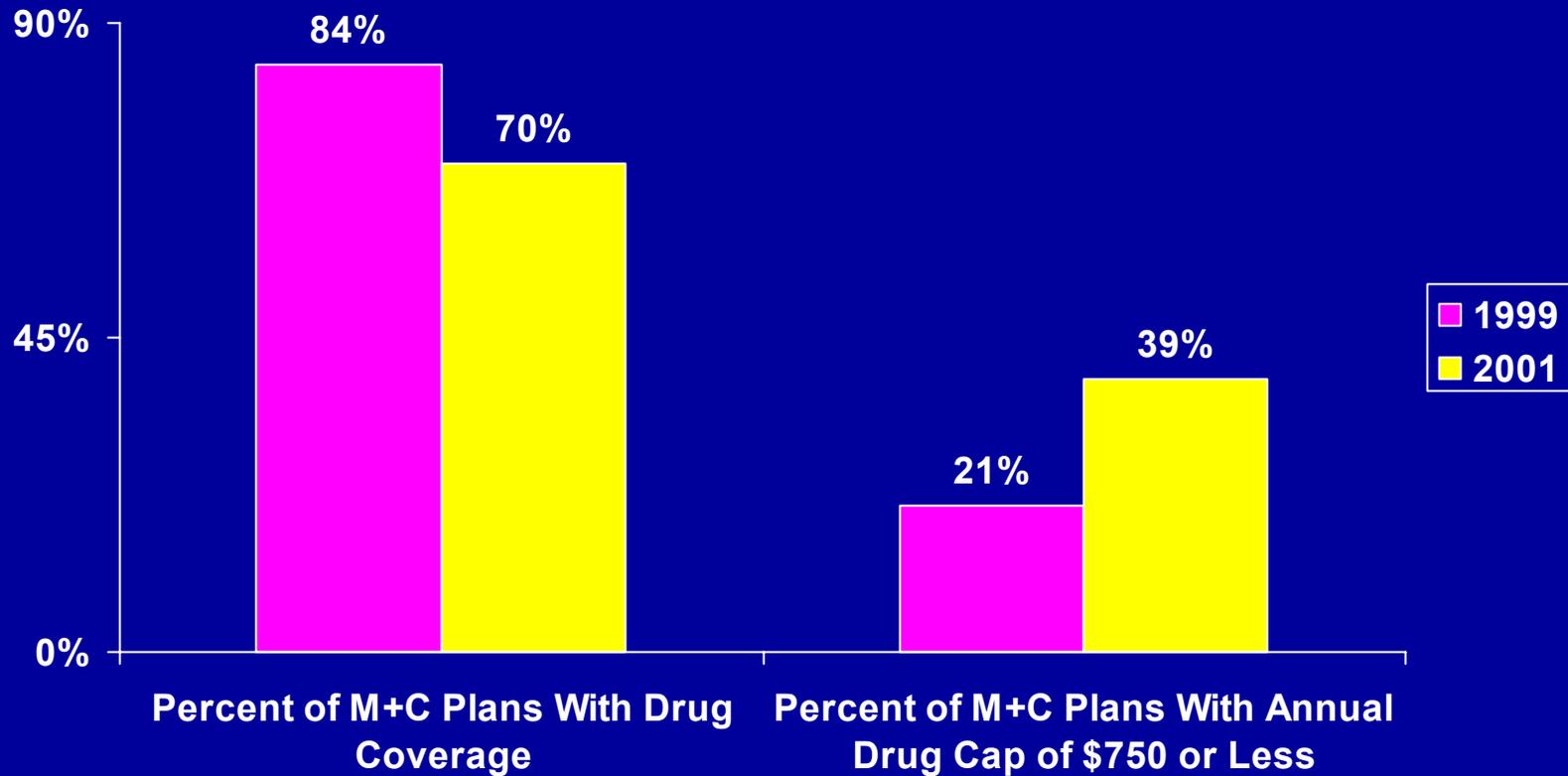
# Among Firms With 200 or More Workers Offering Retiree Health Benefits, Percentage Planning Various Changes in Retiree Health Coverage in the Next Two Years, 2001



Source: Kaiser/HRET/Commonwealth Fund, April 2002.

Figure 4

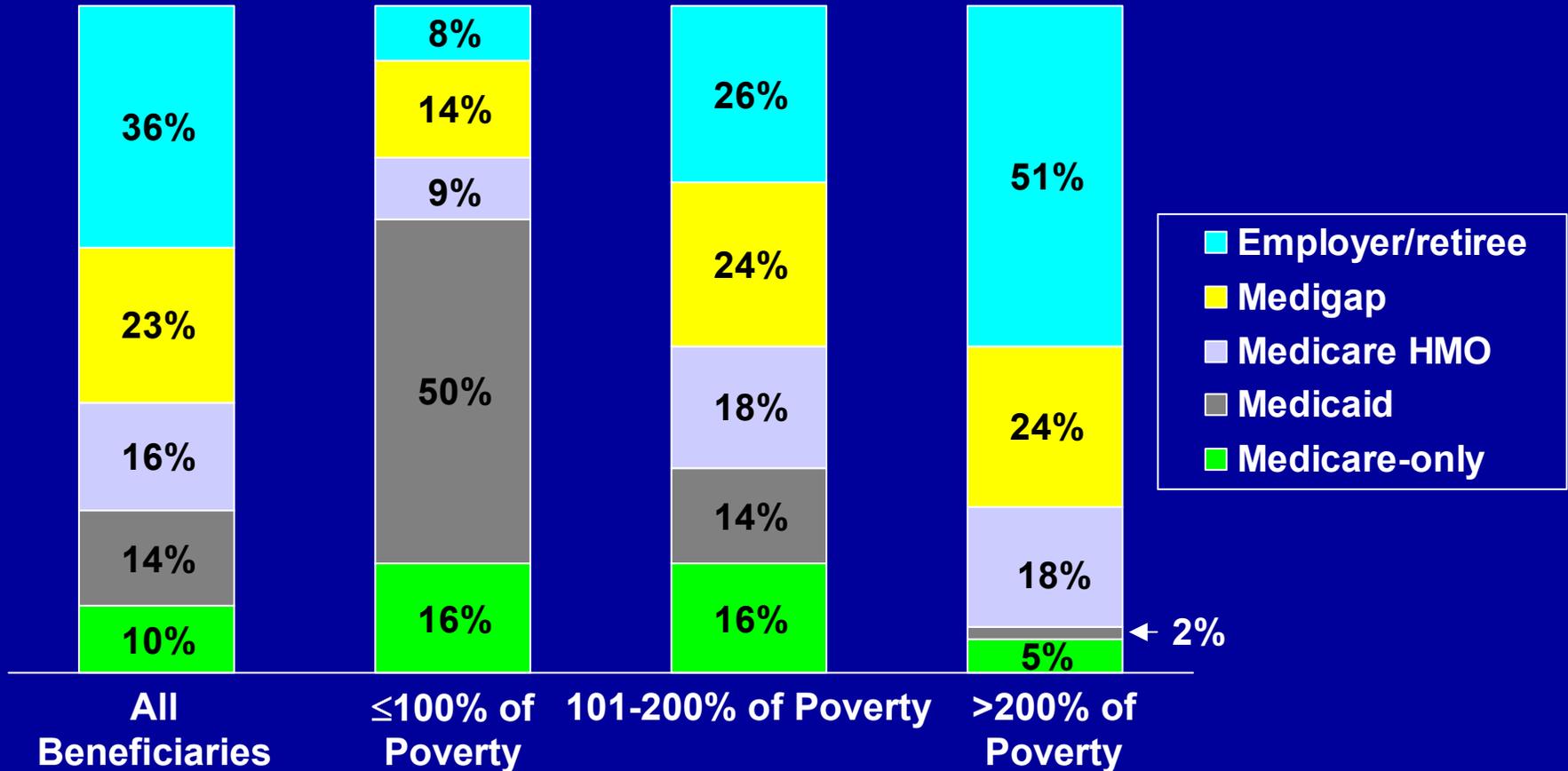
# Prescription Drug Benefits Offered By Medicare+Choice Plans in their Basic Plan, 1999-2001



Note: Percentages weighted by enrollment; 2001 data are for March through December.  
SOURCE: Achman, L. and Gold, M., for the Commonwealth Fund, February 2002.

Figure 5

# Health Insurance Coverage of Medicare Beneficiaries, 1998

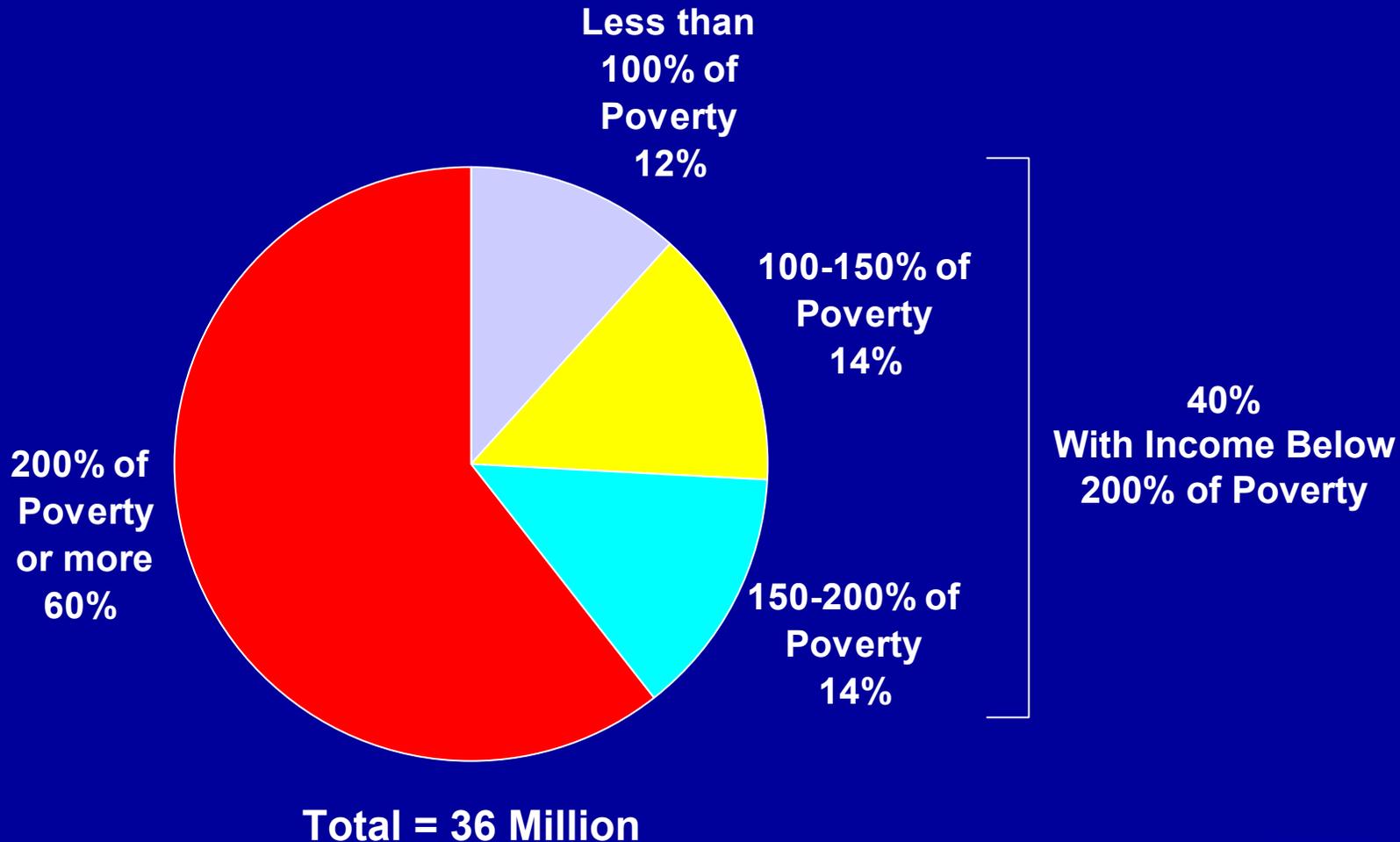


Note: Columns may not sum to 100%; employer/retiree includes both beneficiaries who have supplemental insurance from a former employer or union and those who are still working and whose current employer is their primary source of insurance.

Source: Urban Institute analysis of 1998 Medicare Current Beneficiary Survey.

Figure 6

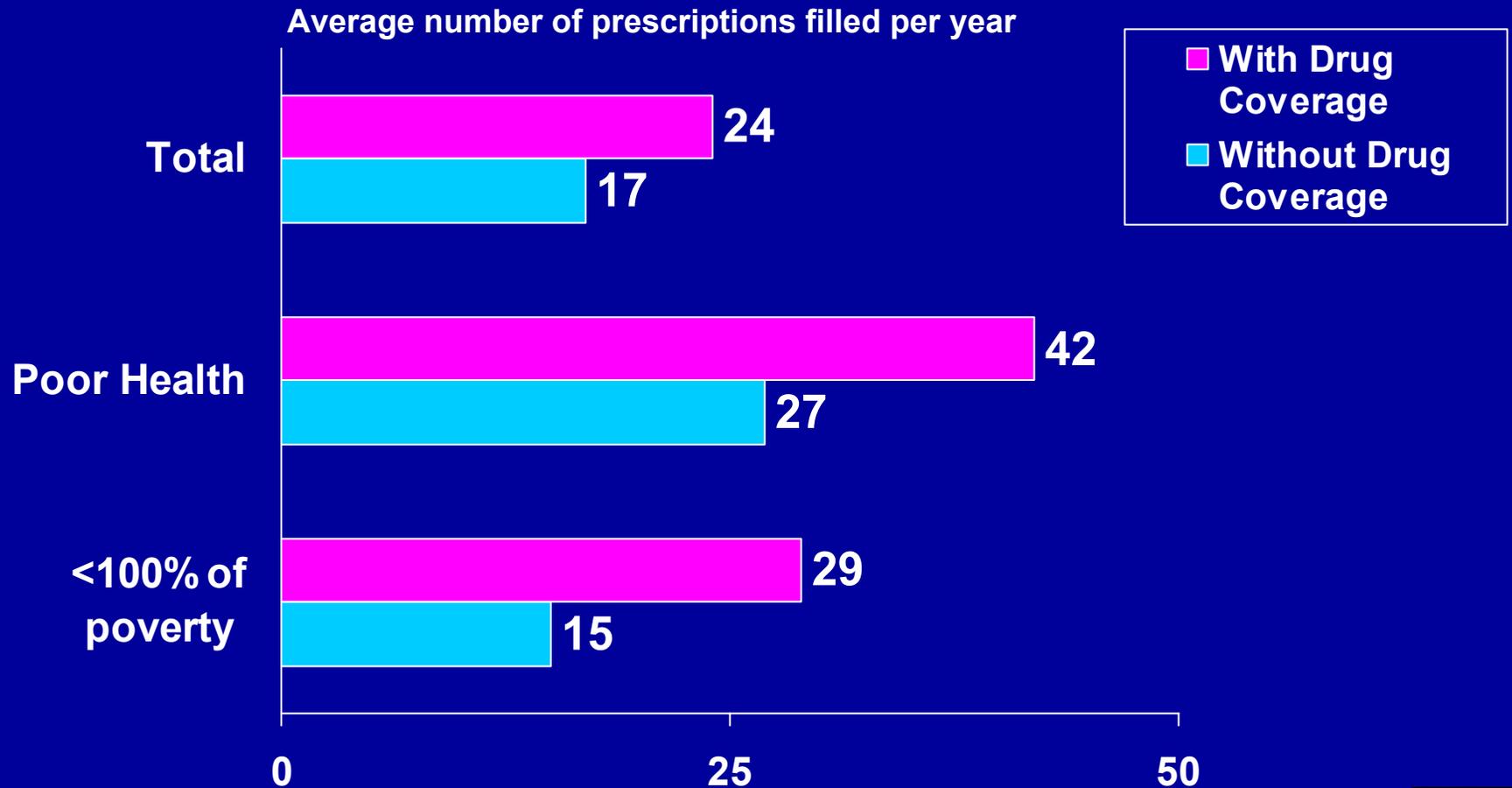
# The Non-Institutionalized Medicare Population by Poverty Level, 1999



Note: 1999 federal poverty was \$8,240 for individuals; \$11,060 for couples.  
Source: Urban Institute estimates based on 2000 Current Population Survey.

Figure 7

# Medicare beneficiaries *without* drug coverage fill fewer prescriptions, 1998

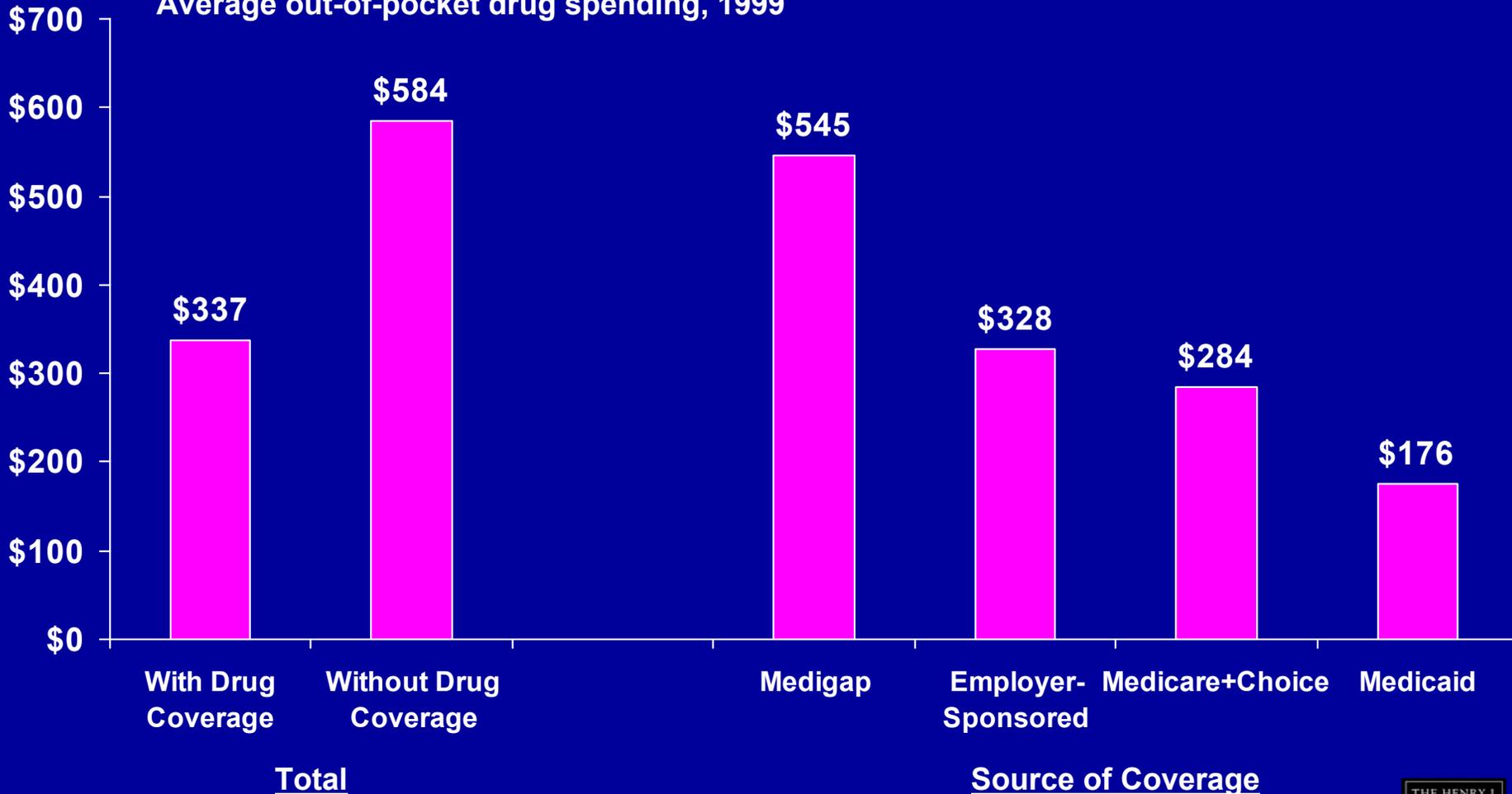


SOURCE: Poisal, J.A. and L. Murray, *Health Affairs*, March/April 2001.

Figure 8

# Out-of-Pocket Drug Spending Varies By Source of Coverage, 1999

Average out-of-pocket drug spending, 1999



SOURCE: Stuart, B. and Briesacher, B. Analysis of 1999 MCBS Cost and Use File, 2002.



Figure 9

# Illustrative Comparison of Retail Prescription Drug Prices

<u>Drug</u>	<u>Washington, DC Average Retail Price (a)</u>	<u>Discount Card Retail Price (b)</u>	<u>FEHBP BC/BS PPO Co-Payment (c)</u>
<b>Prilosec, 20mg (Gastrointestinal agent)</b>	\$121.64	\$115.00	\$25.00
<b>Zocor, 20mg (Lipid lowering agent)</b>	\$122.25	\$112.79	\$25.00
<b>Premarin, .625mg (Estrogen replacement)</b>	\$22.84	\$21.40	\$25.00*
<b>Celebrex, 200mg (Anti-inflammatory/ Analgesia)</b>	\$80.34	\$67.69	\$25.00
<b>Monthly Total</b>	<b>\$349.07</b>	<b>\$316.88</b>	<b>\$100.00</b>

\*Consumer would pay retail price if lower than the co-payment.

Note: excludes enrollment fees and premiums.

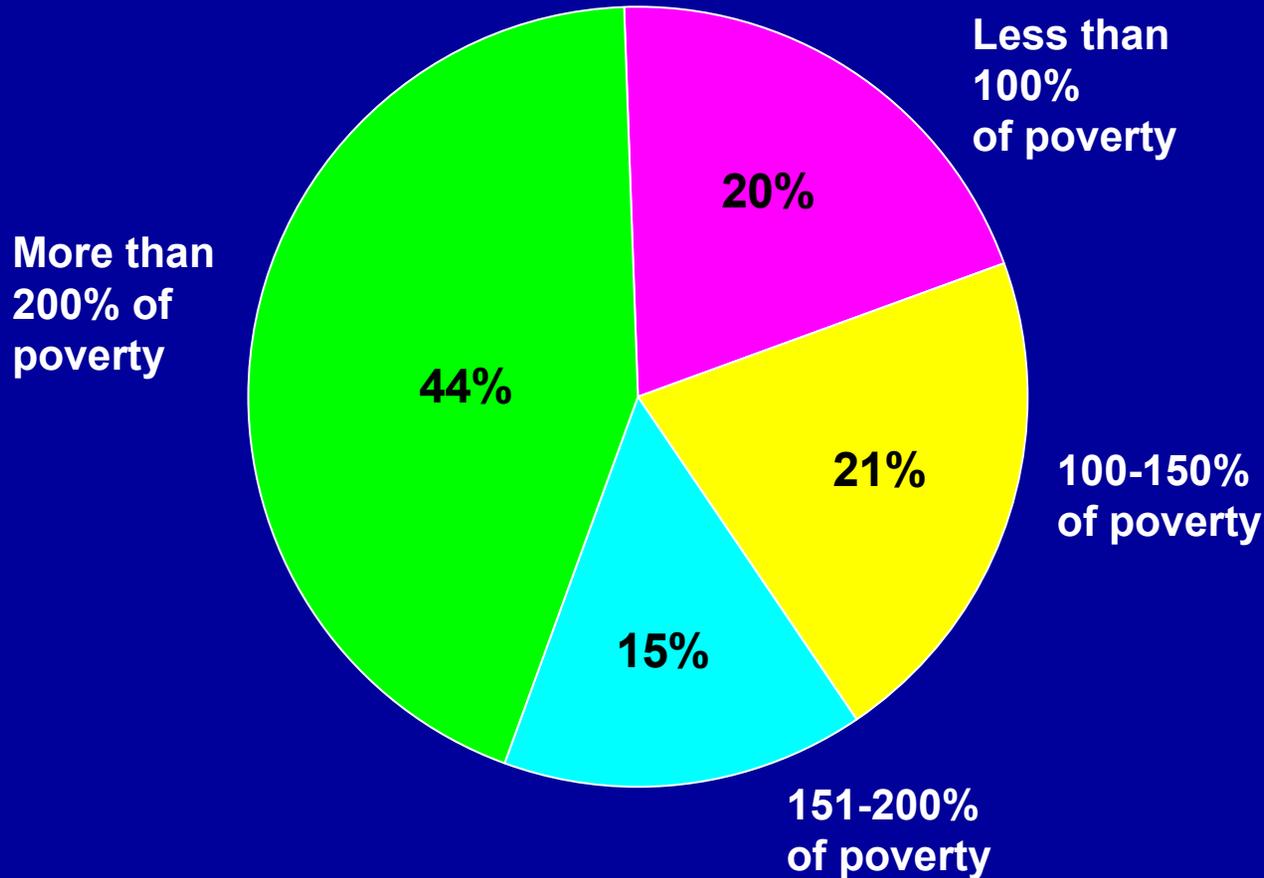
(a) Washington, DC average price reflects the average of prices obtained from five area drug stores, as reported by the GAO. (GAO-02-280R), December 5, 2001.

(b) Discount card prices are the average of two discount card programs that display prices for 30-day units, as displayed in [Prescription Drug Discount Cards: Current Programs and Issues](#), prepared for the Kaiser Foundation, February 2002.

(c) FEHBP BC/BS figures are for on-formulary brand-name drugs, based on [opm.gov/insure/02/html/standard/guides/70-1.pdf](http://opm.gov/insure/02/html/standard/guides/70-1.pdf).

Figure 10

# Medicare Beneficiaries *without* Prescription Drug Coverage, by Poverty Level, 1998

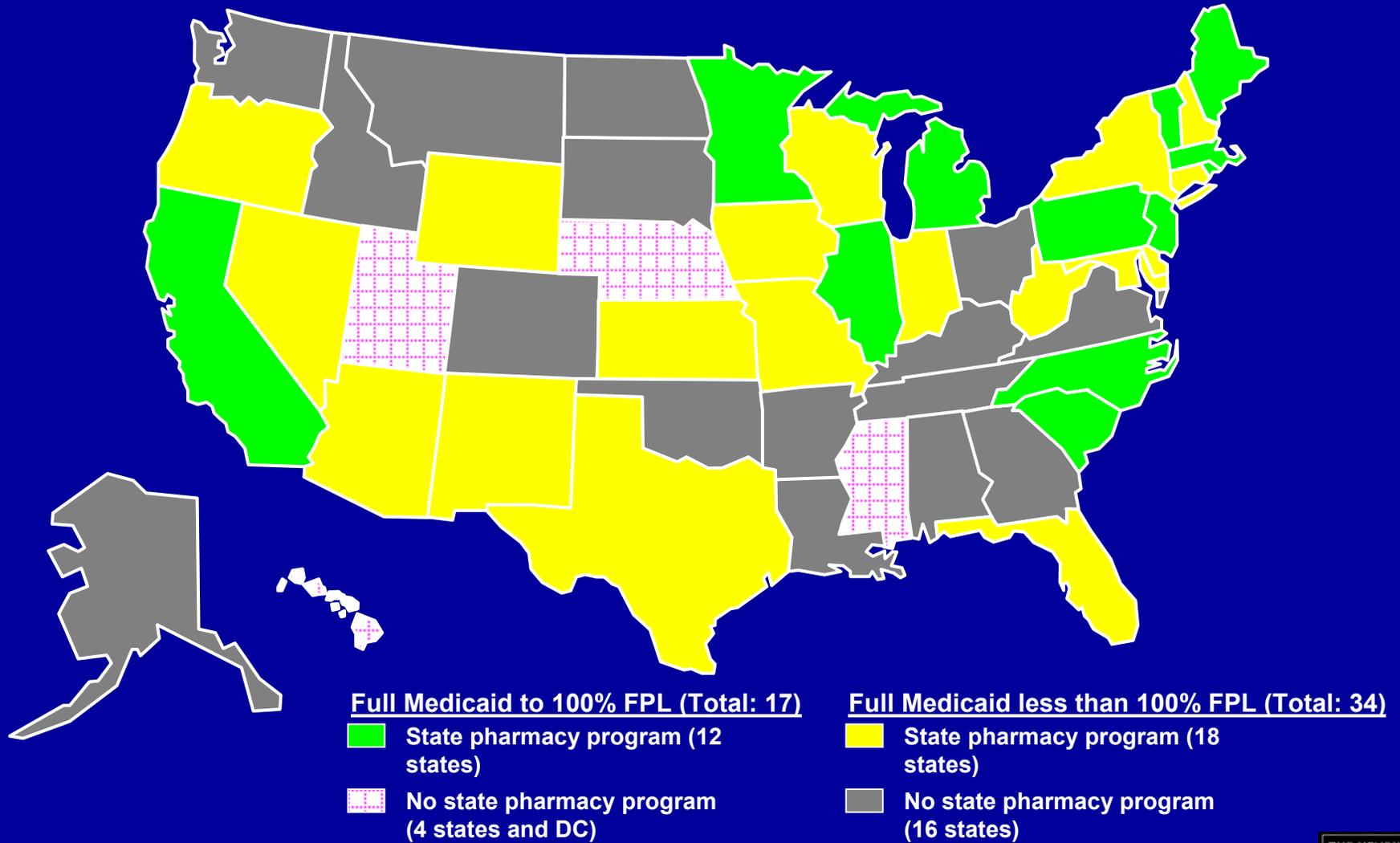


**Total = 10.3 million beneficiaries, 1998**

Note: The federal poverty level was \$8,050 for individuals and \$10,850 for couples in 1998.  
SOURCE: Poisal, J.A., and L. Murray. *Health Affairs*, March/April 2001.

Figure 11

# Eligibility for Prescription Drug Coverage Under Medicaid and State Pharmacy Assistance Programs

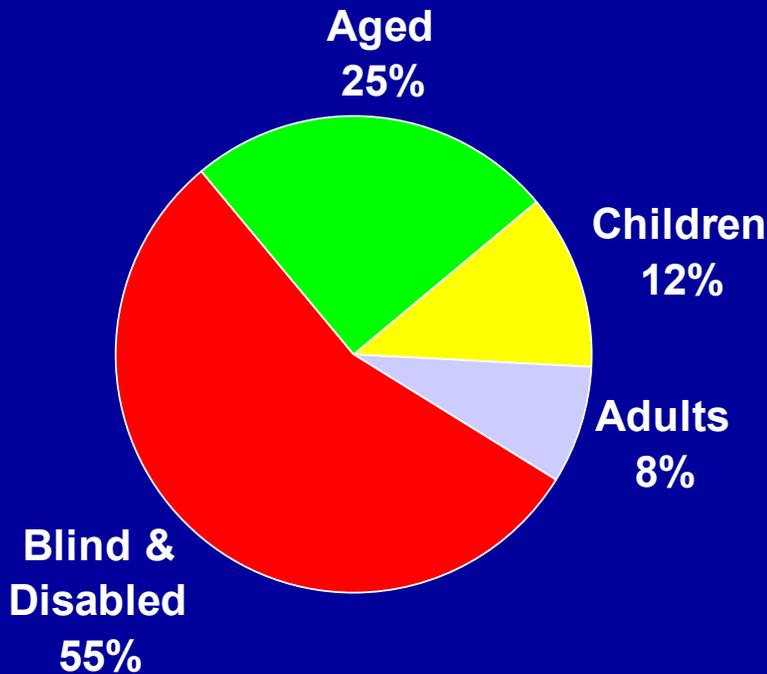


Note: Oregon, Texas, and Wisconsin have enacted, but not yet implemented their programs; California, New Hampshire, Iowa, New Mexico, and West Virginia offer discount programs.

SOURCE: SPAP data: NCSL, 2002; Medicaid data: APHSA, 2002; except for information on Nevada and Colorado, which is from Families USA, 2001.

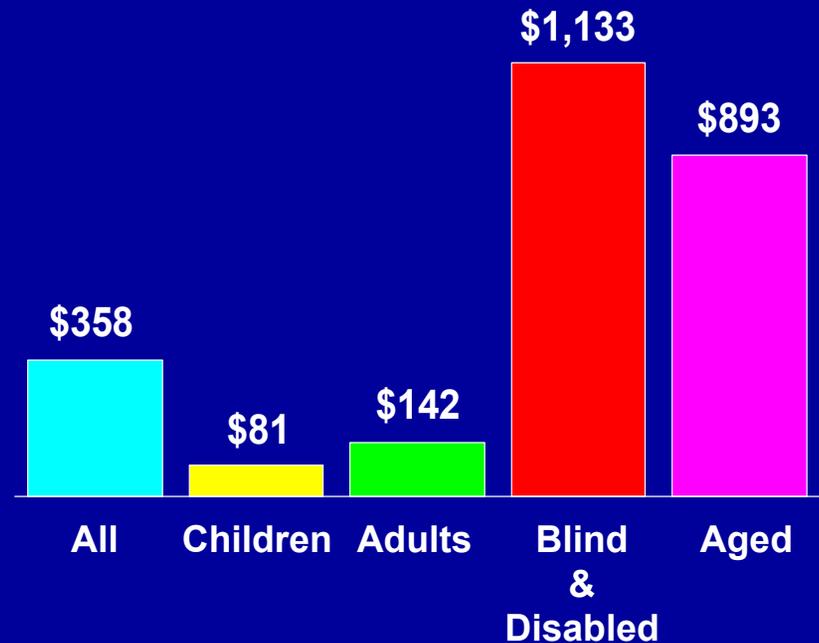
# Medicaid Prescription Drug Spending, 1998

## Expenditures by Eligibility Group



**Total = \$14.5 billion\***

## Expenditures per Enrollee



\* 8.2% of total Medicaid spending on services. Includes both fee-for-service expenditures and estimated drug spending by managed care plans.

SOURCE: Urban Institute Estimates, 2000.